

Date: Fri, 17 Sep 93 04:30:29 PDT
From: Ham-Equip Mailing List and Newsgroup <ham-equip@ucsd.edu>
Errors-To: Ham-Equip-Errors@UCSD.Edu
Reply-To: Ham-Equip@UCSD.Edu
Precedence: Bulk
Subject: Ham-Equip Digest V93 #44
To: Ham-Equip

Ham-Equip Digest Fri, 17 Sep 93 Volume 93 : Issue 44

Today's Topics:

Alinco DJ580 (3 msgs)
Aluminum Tower Info Needed
Audio Compador - NE577
Collins KWM2/KWM2A
Guide to the Personal Radio Newsgroups
Info about Alinco DJ-580E needed
Robot 400 converter - what is it?

Send Replies or notes for publication to: <Ham-Equip@UCSD.Edu>
Send subscription requests to: <Ham-Equip-REQUEST@UCSD.Edu>
Problems you can't solve otherwise to brian@ucsd.edu.

Archives of past issues of the Ham-Equip Digest are available
(by FTP only) from UCSD.Edu in directory "mailarchives/ham-equip".

We trust that readers are intelligent enough to realize that all text
herein consists of personal comments and does not represent the official
policies or positions of any party. Your mileage may vary. So there.

Date: Wed, 15 Sep 1993 11:05:57 GMT
From: dog.ee.lbl.gov!agate!howland.reston.ans.net!gatech!kd4nc!ke4zv!
gary@network.ucsd.edu
Subject: Alinco DJ580
To: ham-equip@ucsd.edu

In article <275uvg\$iqt@news.delphi.com> cecilmoo@news.delphi.com
(CECILMOORE@DELPHI.COM) writes:

>
>Sorry, the DJ580 is designed to transmit only on 2M and 70cm. Your best
>bet is to use a transverter. The 902 MHz band is not new and is shared
>with many other services and has a severe power limitation. Don't try
>to set up a repeater there. In my opinion, the only attraction of 902
>MHz is that one can re-tune a cell-phone to work there...KG7BK

A severe power limitation? 1.5 kW PEP isn't severe in my book. :-)

Gary

--
Gary Coffman KE4ZV | "If 10% is good enough | gatech!wa4mei!ke4zv!gary
Destructive Testing Systems | for Jesus, it's good | uunet!rsiatl!ke4zv!gary
534 Shannon Way | enough for Uncle Sam." | emory!kd4nc!ke4zv!gary
Lawrenceville, GA 30244 | -Ray Stevens |

Date: Wed, 15 Sep 1993 11:02:12 GMT
From: dog.ee.lbl.gov!agate!howland.reston.ans.net!gatech!kd4nc!ke4zv!
gary@network.ucsd.edu
Subject: Alinco DJ580
To: ham-equip@ucsd.edu

In article <275imnINNcq@jhunix.hcf.jhu.edu> sar1952@jhunix.hcf.jhu.edu (Steven A Rubin) writes:

>There is a new ham band on 902 Mhz, or so I have heard. Is there a
>modification that can be done to be able to transmit on that
>frequency?

Short answer, no the 580 won't transmit on the 33 cm band.

A bit about 33 cm. We've had it for a while now. It covers 902-928 MHz. We are tertiary on the band below government radiolocation and private vehicle location systems and above Part 15 devices. In urban areas it can be quite nasty, but in more rural settings it's an excellent quiet band. There is a fair variety of surplus equipment available from the point to point data relay services just above it, and from the trunked and cellular services just below it. Plus there are things like the Video Rabbits and Wavelan cards that can be amplified under ham licenses. High gain antennas are small, and necessary, in most cases. A couple of small ham concerns offer transverters and FM video equipment for the band.

Gary

--
Gary Coffman KE4ZV | "If 10% is good enough | gatech!wa4mei!ke4zv!gary
Destructive Testing Systems | for Jesus, it's good | uunet!rsiatl!ke4zv!gary
534 Shannon Way | enough for Uncle Sam." | emory!kd4nc!ke4zv!gary
Lawrenceville, GA 30244 | -Ray Stevens |

Date: Wed, 15 Sep 1993 18:05:51 GMT

From: swrinde!cs.utexas.edu!usc!howland.reston.ans.net!darwin.sura.net!
rsg1.er.usgs.gov!dgg.cr.usgs.gov!bodoh@network.ucsd.edu
Subject: Alinco DJ580
To: ham-equip@ucsd.edu

In article <275imnINNcq@jhunix.hcf.jhu.edu>, sar1952@jhunix.hcf.jhu.edu (Steven A Rubin) writes:

|> There is a new ham band on 902 Mhz, or so I have heard. Is there a
|> modification that can be done to be able to transmit on that
|> frequency?
|>
|>

No. The circuitry is just not there to do it. I haven't seen any commercial gear for that band, but if there were it would be pricey.

73's

--
+++++
+ Tom Bodoh - Sr. systems software engineer, Hughes STX, N0YGT +
+ USGS/EROS Data Center, Sioux Falls, SD, USA 57198 (605) 594-6830 +
+ Internet; bodoh@dgg.cr.usgs.gov (152.61.192.66)
+
+ "Welcome back my friends to the show that never ends!" EL&P
+
+++++

Date: Wed, 15 Sep 93 23:10:25 GMT
From: news.service.uci.edu!ucivax!news.claremont.edu!elroy.jpl.nasa.gov!swrinde!
gatech!usenet.ins.cwru.edu!magnus.acs.ohio-state.edu!cis.ohio-state.edu!mstar!
n8emr!gws@network.ucsd.edu
Subject: Aluminum Tower Info Needed
To: ham-equip@ucsd.edu

In article <1993Sep12.142621.19508@ke4zv.atl.ga.us> gary@ke4zv.UUCP (Gary Coffman) writes:

>I'd at least do a Dyechem test of even steel sections before trusting
>my life to them. Magnafluxing would be better.

Ok, Ill bite.. Whats a Dyechem test and magnafluxing..

--
Gary W. Sanders gws@n8emr.cmhnet.org, 72277,1325
N8EMR @ N8JYV (ip addr) 44.70.0.1 [Ohio AMPR address coordinator]
HAM BBS 614-895-2553 (1200/2400/V.32/PEP) Voice: 614-895-2552 (eves/weekends)

Date: Wed, 15 Sep 1993 16:20:44 GMT
From: cs.utexas.edu!utnut!torn!csd.unb.ca!UPEI.CA!seeler@uunet.uu.net
Subject: Audio Compandor - NE577
To: ham-equip@ucsd.edu

I am interested in buiding the audio level controller mentioned previously and which was published in Electronics Now (Feb, 1993) for my DSP audio filter. I can not find a supplier for the Signetics NE577 compandor in eastern Canada. I would appreciate it if any one could point me to an equivalent product/chip (part no).

Thank you in advance for any help you may be able to provide.

73 Dave VY2DCS
Internet: Seeler@UPEI.CA

Date: Wed, 15 Sep 1993 18:22:43 GMT
From: olivea!news.bu.edu!att!cbnewsm!hellman@uunet.uu.net
Subject: Collins KWM2/KWM2A
To: ham-equip@ucsd.edu

In a 1970's issue of "ham radio" magazine, an Air Force Technical Manual for the Collins KWM2/KWM2A was refered to. It was said to document revisions made over the years to those transeivers. Is anyone familiar with that document and is it possible to get one? (One such change was the addition of a resistor that solved the problem of relay coil burn out.)

Shel WA2UBK dara@physics.att.com

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Date: Wed, 15 Sep 1993 11:00:58 GMT
From: nevada.edu!news.unomaha.edu!news@uunet.uu.net
Subject: Guide to the Personal Radio Newsgroups
To: ham-equip@ucsd.edu

Posted-By: auto-faq 2.4
Archive-name: radio/personal-intro
Revision: 1.4 06/30/93 12:04:14
Changes: new rec.radio.amateur.* newsgroups, cs.utexas.edu gateway

(Note: The following is reprinted with the permission of the author.)

This message describes the rec.radio.amateur.* , rec.radio.cb , rec.radio.info , and rec.radio.swap newsgroups. It is intended to serve as a guide for the new reader on what to find where. Questions and comments may be directed to the author, Jay Maynard, K5ZC, by Internet electronic mail at jmaynard@oac.hsc.uth.tmc.edu. This message was last changed on 30 June 1993 to add the groups created during the latest reorganization vote and the description of the cs.utexas.edu gateway.

History

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Way back when, before there was a Usenet, the Internet hosted a mailing list for hams, called (appropriately enough) INFO-HAMS. Ham radio discussions were held on the mailing list, and sent to the mailboxes of those who had signed up for it. When the Usenet software was created, and net news as we now know it was developed, a newsgroup was created for hams: net.ham-radio. The mailing list and the newsgroup were gatewayed together, eventually.

As the net grew, and as packet radio came into vogue, packet discussion began to dominate other topics in the group and on the list. This resulted in the logical solution: a group was created to hold the packet discussion, and another corresponding mailing list was created as well: net.ham-radio.packet and PACKET-RADIO, respectively.

These two groups served for several years, and went through Usenet's Great Renaming essentially unchanged, moving from net.ham-radio[.packet] to rec.ham-radio[.packet]. Readership and volume grew with the rest of the network.

The INFO-HAMS mailing list was originally run from a US Army computer at White Sands Missile Range, SIMTEL20. There were few problems with this arrangement, but one was that the system was not supposed to be used for commercial purposes. Since one of hams' favorite pastimes is swapping gear, it was natural for hams to post messages about equipment for sale to INFO-HAMS/rec.ham-radio. This ran afoul of SIMTEL20's no-commercial-use restriction, and after some argument, a group was created specifically for messages like that: rec.ham-radio.swap. This group wasn't gatewayed to a mailing list, thus avoiding problems.

While all this was happening, other folks wanted to discuss other aspects of the world of radio than the personal communications services. Those folks created the rec.radio.shortwave and rec.radio.noncomm newsgroups, and established the precedent of the rec.radio.* hierarchy, which in turn reflected Usenet's overall trend toward a hierarchical name structure.

The debate between proponents of a no-code ham radio license and its opponents grew fierce and voluminous in late 1989 and 1990. Eventually, both sides grew

weary of the debate, and those who had not been involved even more so. A proposal for a newsgroup dedicated to licensing issues failed. A later proposal was made for a group that would cover the many recurring legal issues discussions. During discussion of the latter proposal, it became clear that it would be desirable to fit the ham radio groups under the rec.radio.* hierarchy. A full-blown reorganization was passed by Usenet voters in January 1991, leading to the overall structure we now use.

After the reorganization, more and more regular information postings began to appear, and were spread out across the various groups in rec.radio.*. Taking the successful example of the news.answers group, where informational postings from across the net are sent, the group rec.radio.info was created in December, 1992, with Mark Salyzyn, VE6MGS, initially serving as moderator.

In January, 1993, many users started complaining about the volume in rec.radio.amateur.misc. This led to a discussion about a second reorganization, which sparked the creation of a mailing list by Ian Kluft, KD6EUI. This list, which was eventually joined by many of the most prolific posters to the ham radio groups, came up with a proposal to add 11 groups to the rec.radio.amateur hierarchy in April 1993. The subsequent vote, held in May and early June, approved the creation of five groups:
rec.radio.amateur.digital.misc (to replace .packet), .equipment, .homebrew, .antenna, and .space.

The Current Groups

I can hear you asking, "OK, so this is all neat history, but what does it have to do with me now?" The answer is that the history of each group has a direct bearing on what the group is used for, and what's considered appropriate where.

The easy one is rec.radio.amateur.misc. It is what rec.ham-radio was renamed to during the reorganization. Any message that's not more appropriate in one of the other groups belongs here, from contesting to DX to ragchewing on VHF to information on becoming a ham.

The group rec.radio.amateur.digital.misc is for discussions related to (surprise!) digital amateur radio. This doesn't have to be the common two-meter AX.25 variety of packet radio, either; some of the most knowledgeable folks in radio digital communications can be found here, and anything in the general area is welcome. The name was changed to emphasize this, and to encourage discussion not only of other text-based digital modes, such as AMTOR, RTTY, and Clover, but things like digital voice and video as well. The former group, rec.radio.amateur.packet, has not been removed as of this writing, but it is obsolete, and you should use .digital.misc instead. The group has the .misc as part of the name to allow further specialization if the users wish it, such as .digital.tcp-ip.

The swap group is now rec.radio.swap. This recognizes a fact that became evident shortly after the original group was formed: Hams don't just swap ham radio gear, and other folks besides hams swap ham equipment. If you have radio equipment, or test gear, or computer stuff that hams would be interested in, here's the place. Equipment wanted postings belong here too. Discussions about the equipment generally don't; if you wish to discuss a particular posting with the buyer, email is a much better way to do it, and the other groups, especially .equipment and .homebrew, are the place for public discussions. There is now a regular posting with information on how to go about buying and selling items in rec.radio.swap; please refer to it before you post there.

The first reorganization added two groups to the list, one of which is rec.radio.amateur.policy. This group was created as a place for all the discussions that seem to drag on interminably about the many rules, regulations, legalities, and policies that surround amateur radio, both existing and proposed. The neverending no-code debate goes here, as does the New Jersey scanner law, the legality of ordering a pizza on the autopatch, what a bunch of rotten no-goodniks the local frequency coordinating body is, and so on.

The other added group is rec.radio.cb. This is the place for all discussion about the Citizens' Band radio service. Such discussions have been very inflammatory in rec.ham-radio in the past; please do not cross-post to both rec.radio.cb and rec.radio.amateur.* unless the topic is genuinely of interest to both hams and CBers - and very few topics are.

The rec.radio.info group is just what its name implies: it's the place where informational messages from across rec.radio.* may be found, regardless of where else they're posted. As of this writing, information posted to the group includes Cary Oler's daily solar propagation bulletins, ARRL bulletins, the Frequently Asked Questions files for the various groups, and radio modification instructions. This group is moderated, so you cannot post to it directly; if you try, even if your message is crossposted to one of the other groups, your message will be mailed to the moderator, who is currently Mark Salyzyn, VE6MGS. The email address for submissions to the group is rec-radio-info@ve6mgs.ampr.ab.ca. Inquiries and other administrivia should be directed to rec-radio-request@ve6mgs.ampr.ab.ca. For more information about rec.radio.info, consult the introduction and posting guidelines that are regularly posted to that newsgroup.

The groups rec.radio.amateur.antenna, .equipment, .homebrew, and .space are for more specialized areas of ham radio: discussions about antennas, commercially-made equipment, homebrewing, and amateur radio space operations. The .equipment group is not the place for buying or selling equipment; that's what rec.radio.swap is for. Similarly, the .space group is specifically about amateur radio in space, such as the OSCAR program and SAREX, the Shuttle Amateur Radio EXperiment; other groups cover other aspects of satellites and

space. Homebrewing isn't about making your own alcoholic beverages at home (that's *rec.crafts.brewing*), but rather construction of radio and electronic equipment by the amateur experimenter.

The *rec.radio.amateur.misc*, *.packet*, and *.policy* groups, and the *rec.radio.info* group, are available by Internet electronic mail in digest format; send a mail message containing "help" on a line by itself to *listserv@ucsd.edu* for instructions on how to use the mail server. The *rec.radio.swap* group is not available for reading by electronic mail. At this writing, the most recently added groups are also not available for reading by electronic mail, although that may change.

All of the groups can be posted to by electronic mail, though, by using a gateway at the University of Texas at Austin. To post a message this way, change the name of the group you wish to post to by replacing all of the '.'s with '--'s - for example, *rec.radio.swap* becomes *rec-radio-swap* - and send to that *name@cs.utexas.edu* (*rec-radio-swap@cs.utexas.edu*, for example). You may crosspost by including multiple addresses as Cc: entries (but see below). This gateway's continued availability is at the pleasure of the admins at UT-Austin, and is subject to going away at any time - and especially if forgeries and other net.abuses become a problem. You have been warned.

A Few Words on Crossposting

Please do not crosspost messages to two or more groups unless there is genuine interest in both groups in the topic being discussed, and when you do, please include a header line of the form "Followup-To: group.name" in your article's headers (before the first blank line). This will cause followups to your article to go to the group listed in the Followup-To: line. If you wish to have replies to go to you by email, rather than be posted, use the word "poster" instead of the name of a group. Such a line appears in the headers of this article.

One of the few examples of productive cross-posting is with the *rec.radio.info* newsgroup. To provide a filtered presentation of information articles, while still maintaining visibility in their home newsgroups, the moderator strongly encourages cross-posting. All information articles should be submitted to the *rec.radio.info* moderator so that he may simultaneously cross-post your information to the appropriate newsgroups. Most newsreaders will only present the article once, and network bandwidth is conserved since only one article is propagated. If you make regular informational postings, and have made arrangements with the moderator to post directly to the group, please cross-post as appropriate.

--

Jay Maynard, EMT-P, K5ZC, PP-ASEL | Never ascribe to malice that which can
jmaynard@oac.hsc.uth.tmc.edu | adequately be explained by stupidity.

"If my car ran OS/2, it'd be there by now" -- bumper sticker
GCS d++ p+ c++ l+ m+- s/++ g++ w++ t+ r

--
73, Paul W. Schleck, KD3FU

pschleck@unomaha.edu

Celebrating 60 years of the Univ. of Maryland ARA - W3EAX (1933-1993)

Date: Wed, 15 Sep 1993 10:40:23 GMT
From: mcsun!hp4at!siemens.co.!forg@uunet.uu.net
Subject: Info about Alinco DJ-580E needed
To: ham-equip@ucsd.edu

Hi,

I own an Alinco DJ-580E (E...european version) and I want to request if there is any possibility to modify this handy so that it can transmit and receive from 144 to 148 MHz.

I am interested in this modification because I am thinking about to spend my vacations in the U.S.A. - In Europe there is the 2m-band limited to 146 MHz, so I would appreciate a key-command-solution to toggle between this two frequency ranges, depending on which continent I stay.

Any suggestions, references or hints are welcomed.

best 73, Gerald/OE1GOU

--

Gerald Forthuber e-mail: forg@cent.gud.siemens.co.at
Siemens AG Austria phone: (+43-1) 601 71 - 6326
Gudrunstrasse 11 FAX: (+43-1) 601 71 - 6399
A-1100 Wien

Date: Mon, 13 Sep 93 13:10:40 EDT
From: dog.ee.lbl.gov!agate!library.ucla.edu!europa.eng.gtefsd.com!
avdms8.msfc.nasa.gov!sol.ctr.columbia.edu!news.kei.com!das.wang.com!wang!tossspot!
lee@network.ucsd.edu

Subject: Robot 400 converter - what is it?
To: ham-equip@ucsd.edu

The title says it all - anyone out there know what modes and capabilities this old SSTV box has?

(No, not for use on the air - I just kind of like the looks of those old dinguses...dingii???)

Grateful for any info (hey, what's it worth nowdayas?)

Lee

Date: 17 Sep 93 01:21:42 GMT
From: ogicse!emory!kd4nc!ke4zv!gary@network.ucsd.edu
To: ham-equip@ucsd.edu

References <1993Sep15.231025.4627@n8emr.cmhnet.org>,
<1993Sep16.081245.11774@ke4zv.atl.ga.us>,
<rccrw90-160993093003@node_142cf.aieg.mot.com>
Reply-To : gary@ke4zv.UUCP (Gary Coffman)
Subject : Re: Aluminum Tower Info Needed

In article <rccrw90-160993093003@node_142cf.aieg.mot.com> rccrw90@email.mot.com
(Mike Waters) writes:

>In article <1993Sep16.081245.11774@ke4zv.atl.ga.us>, gary@ke4zv.atl.ga.us
>(Gary Coffman) wrote:
>> Dyechem is a special fluorescent dye that shows surface cracks that
>> you normally can't see. It works on most materials. Magnafluxing is
>> a method of detecting cracks by passing a magnetic field through the
>> object and attracting a magnetic dye to the cracks. This will find
>> cracks that Dyechem can't because they don't extend to the surface.
>
>Hmmm, can an individual buy/rent this equipment? How would one go about
>it?

Dyechem is available from most large machine shop suppliers. Magnafluxing equipment can be purchased from the same sources, or from larger test equipment vendors. I've never tried to rent magnaflux equipment, but I wouldn't be surprised if someone was in the business of renting it. Get out the phone book and start calling around.

Gary

--

Gary Coffman KE4ZV | "If 10% is good enough | gatech!wa4mei!ke4zv!gary

Destructive Testing Systems | for Jesus, it's good | uunet!rsiatl!ke4zv!gary
534 Shannon Way | enough for Uncle Sam."| emory!kd4nc!ke4zv!gary
Lawrenceville, GA 30244 | -Ray Stevens |

Date: 16 Sep 93 08:12:45 GMT
From: ogicse!emory!wa4mei!ke4zv!gary@network.ucsd.edu
To: ham-equip@ucsd.edu

References <dstone.5.0@bnr.ca>, <1993Sep12.142621.19508@ke4zv.atl.ga.us>, <1993Sep15.231025.4627@n8emr.cmhnet.org>
Reply-To : gary@ke4zv.UUCP (Gary Coffman)
Subject : Re: Aluminum Tower Info Needed

In article <1993Sep15.231025.4627@n8emr.cmhnet.org> gws@n8emr.cmhnet.org (Gary Sanders) writes:
>In article <1993Sep12.142621.19508@ke4zv.atl.ga.us> gary@ke4zv.UUCP (Gary Coffman) writes:
>>I'd at least do a Dyechem test of even steel sections before trusting
>>my life to them. Magnafluxing would be better.
>
>Ok, I'll bite.. Whats a Dyechem test and magnafluxing..

Dyechem is a special fluorescent dye that shows surface cracks that you normally can't see. It works on most materials. Magnafluxing is a method of detecting cracks by passing a magnetic field through the object and attracting a magnetic dye to the cracks. This will find cracks that Dyechem can't because they don't extend to the surface. X-ray is even better, but most hams don't have access to the high power X-ray equipment required to test metal sections. Good thing too, it's dangerous.

Gary

--
Gary Coffman KE4ZV | "If 10% is good enough | gatech!wa4mei!ke4zv!gary
Destructive Testing Systems | for Jesus, it's good | uunet!rsiatl!ke4zv!gary
534 Shannon Way | enough for Uncle Sam."| emory!kd4nc!ke4zv!gary
Lawrenceville, GA 30244 | -Ray Stevens |

End of Ham-Equip Digest V93 #44
